

Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

Public Law 87-176
S. 848

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Index and summary of S. 848	1
Digest of Public Law 87-176	.2

INDEX AND SUMMARY OF S. 848

- Feb. 9, 1961 Sen. Kefauver introduced and discussed S. 848 which was referred to the Senate Agriculture and Forestry Committee. Print of bill as introduced and remarks of Sen. Kefauver.
- Feb. 23, 1961 Rep. Frazier introduced H. R. 4821 which was referred to the House Agriculture Committee. Print of bill as introduced.
- June 7, 1961 Senate committee voted to report (but did not actually report) S. 848.
- June 8, 1961 Senate committee reported S. 848 without amendment. S. Report No. 356. Print of bill and report.
- June 12, 1961 Senate passed S. 848 without amendment.
- June 13, 1961 S. 848 was referred to the House Agriculture Committee. Print of bill as referred.
- July 31, 1961 House committee voted to report (but did not actually report) H. R. 4821.
- Aug. 10, 1961 House committee reported H. R. 4821 without amendment. H. Report No. 884. Print of bill and report.
- Aug. 21, 1961 House passed S. 848 without amendment (in lieu of H. R. 4821).
- House previously had passed H. R. 4821, then vacated action due to passage of S. 848.
- Aug. 30, 1961 Approved: Public Law 87-176.

1. The first of the following statements is true, the second is false, the third is true, the fourth is false, the fifth is true, the sixth is false, the seventh is true, the eighth is false, the ninth is true, the tenth is false.	1001	1	1001
2. The first of the following statements is true, the second is false, the third is true, the fourth is false, the fifth is true, the sixth is false, the seventh is true, the eighth is false, the ninth is true, the tenth is false.	1002	2	1002
3. The first of the following statements is true, the second is false, the third is true, the fourth is false, the fifth is true, the sixth is false, the seventh is true, the eighth is false, the ninth is true, the tenth is false.	1003	3	1003
4. The first of the following statements is true, the second is false, the third is true, the fourth is false, the fifth is true, the sixth is false, the seventh is true, the eighth is false, the ninth is true, the tenth is false.	1004	4	1004
5. The first of the following statements is true, the second is false, the third is true, the fourth is false, the fifth is true, the sixth is false, the seventh is true, the eighth is false, the ninth is true, the tenth is false.	1005	5	1005
6. The first of the following statements is true, the second is false, the third is true, the fourth is false, the fifth is true, the sixth is false, the seventh is true, the eighth is false, the ninth is true, the tenth is false.	1006	6	1006
7. The first of the following statements is true, the second is false, the third is true, the fourth is false, the fifth is true, the sixth is false, the seventh is true, the eighth is false, the ninth is true, the tenth is false.	1007	7	1007
8. The first of the following statements is true, the second is false, the third is true, the fourth is false, the fifth is true, the sixth is false, the seventh is true, the eighth is false, the ninth is true, the tenth is false.	1008	8	1008
9. The first of the following statements is true, the second is false, the third is true, the fourth is false, the fifth is true, the sixth is false, the seventh is true, the eighth is false, the ninth is true, the tenth is false.	1009	9	1009
10. The first of the following statements is true, the second is false, the third is true, the fourth is false, the fifth is true, the sixth is false, the seventh is true, the eighth is false, the ninth is true, the tenth is false.	1010	10	1010

Rep. Miller extended his remarks and inserted articles on the Niagara Falls celebration of the opening of the new power project. p. A831

Rep. Ullman inserted a newspaper editorial which he remarked "sets the record straight on some of the charges that are frequently made with regard to the important resource development issue and the Federal power program." p. A839-40

18. DEPRESSED AREAS. Extension of remarks of Rep. Michel and insertion of a statement presented on behalf of the Illinois State Chamber of Commerce before the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency, opposing S. 1, the so-called aid to depressed areas legislation. pp. A820-3

19. FARM PROGRAM. Extension of remarks of Rep. Jensen urging passage of payment-in-kind legislation and insertion of "An Open Letter To All Midwest Farmers" explaining the provisions of such legislation. pp. A825-6

20. ITEM VETO. Extension of remarks of Sen. Bush inserting an article, "The Item Veto Would Help Support The Dollar," stressing the advantages President Kennedy would have in controlling the budget if he had the item veto. p. A826

21. FOREIGN TRADE. Rep. Boggs inserted the speech of the chairman of the Louisiana-Mississippi Regional Export Expansion Committee, stressing the importance of a strong export market. pp. A828-9

22. HIGHWAYS. Extension of remarks of Rep. Schwengel favoring his proposed legislation (H. Res. 111) to form a Select Committee to Study the Interstate Highway System, inserting an article, "Are Our Superhighways Obsolete." pp. A832-3

23. ECONOMIC GROWTH. Rep. Younger commended S. Clark Beise, President of the Bank of America, and inserted the article by Beise which is an optimistic outlook to future economic growth. pp. A836-7

24. BUDGET. Sen. Goldwater inserted an article praising Rep. Rhodes of Arizona for his efforts to reduce the national debt. p. A845

25. EDUCATION. Extension of remarks by Rep. Macdonald commending and inserting an article by the President of Boston University, pointing out our responsibility to the foreign student and emphasizing that a better relationship would need help from the Federal Government, private agencies, and volunteer services. pp. A849-50

26. WATER POLLUTION. Extension of remarks of Rep. Blatnik commenting on a report of the Senate Select Committee on National Water Resources, emphasizing the need for a Water Pollution Control Administration. pp. A851-2

Extension of remarks of Rep. Lankford emphasizing the need for expansion of the Federal Water Pollution Act and cosponsoring it. p. A854

27. MONETARY POLICY. Extension of remarks of Rep. Multer inserting an article discussing our monetary policy. pp. A853-4

BILLS INTRODUCED

28. LANDS. S. 827, by Sen. Goldwater, to authorize the conveyance of certain lands belonging to the United States to the County of Pima, State of Arizona; to Interior and Insular Affairs Committee.

28. LANDS.

S. 848, by Sen. Kefauver, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn.; to Agriculture and Forestry Committee. Remarks of author. p. 1763

~~S. 875, by Sen. McGee (for himself and Sen. Hickey), to authorize and direct the Secretary of Agriculture to convey to the State of Wyoming for agricultural purposes certain real property in Sweetwater County, Wyo.; to Agriculture and Forestry Committee.~~

~~H. R. 4059, by Rep. Aspinall, to permit States or other duly constituted taxing authorities to subject persons to liability for payment of property taxes on property located in Federal areas within such State; to Interior and Insular Affairs Committee.~~

~~H. R. 4060, by Rep. Aspinall, to provide that withdrawals and reservations of public lands for nondefense uses shall take effect only upon certain conditions; to Interior and Insular Affairs Committee.~~

29. DAIRY PROGRAM. S. 835, by Sen. Proxmire (for himself and others), to amend Section 202 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, in order to permanently extend the veterans and Armed Forces dairy program; to Agriculture and Forestry Committee. Remarks of Sen. Proxmire. pp. 1758-9

H. R. 4139, by Rep. McFall, to extend and increase the special milk program for children; to Agriculture Committee.

H. R. 4140, by Rep. McFall, to assist producers of milk to obtain a fair and reasonable price by requiring that purchases by Federal installations be at the prevailing price in the locality; to Agriculture Committee.

H. R. 4160, by Rep. Pirnie, to establish a price support level for milk; to Agriculture Committee.

30. VETO POWER. H. J. Res. 211, by Rep. Schwengel, and H. J. Res. 212, by Rep. Schwengel, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States empowering the Congress to authorize the President to approve and disapprove separate items in bills with certain exceptions; to Judiciary Committee.

H. J. Res. 213, by Rep. Schwengel, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States relative to disapproval and reduction of items in general appropriation bills; to Judiciary Committee.

31. WOOL. H. R. 4085, by Rep. Dominick, H. R. 4115, by Rep. Harrison, Wyo., H. R. 4126, by Rep. King, Utah, and H. R. 4159, by Rep. Peterson, to extend the operation of the National Wool Act of 1954, as amended; to Agriculture Committee.

32. HOLIDAY. S. 853, by Sen. Javits (for himself and others), and S. 855, by Sen. Javits (for himself and others), making the birthday of Abraham Lincoln a legal holiday; to Judiciary Committee. Remarks of Sen. Javits. p. 1767

S. 863, by Sen. Hart, to provide that Inauguration Day shall be a national holiday; to Judiciary Committee. Remarks of author. p. 1787

H. J. Res. 204, by Rep. Farbstein, declaring inauguration day to be a legal holiday; to Judiciary Committee.

33. RESEARCH. S. 859, by Sen. Humphrey, to provide for the establishment of a farm electrification research laboratory in the State of Minnesota; to Agriculture and Forestry Committee. Remarks of author. pp. 1783-4

S. 850, by Sen. Humphrey, to provide greater protection against the introduction and dissemination of diseases of livestock and poultry; to Agriculture and Forestry Committee. Remarks of author. pp. 1784-6

association or cooperative bank. (Development Corporations and Authorities, p. 248.)

New Jersey: Chapter 218, laws 1957, approved January 6, 1958, appears to authorize savings and loan associations to become members of business development corporations created under the act and to make loans to it. The law imposes a limit on such loans of 2 percent of each member's capital and surplus, or \$100,000, whichever is lesser. (Development Corporations and Authorities, p. 266.)

New York: Chapter 863, laws 1955, effective April 29, 1955, created the New York Business Development Corp. and authorized savings and loan associations to become members of it and to make loans to it. The law imposes a limit on such loans by a savings and loan association of 2 percent of the association's guarantee funds, subject to a further overall limit on loans by any member of \$250,000. (Development Corporations and Authorities, p. 282.) Chapter 595, laws 1959, approved April 20, 1959, adds a proviso that in the case of a member having capital and surplus in excess of \$12,500,000, the overall ceiling is \$500,000 instead of \$250,000. (U.S.S. & L. Bulletin, July 1959, p. 177.)

North Carolina: Chapter 1146, 1955 session laws, ratified May 20, 1955, authorizes building and loan associations to become members of business development corporations created under the act and to make loans to them. The law originally imposed a limit on such loans by a building and loan association of 1 percent of the association's total outstanding loans which was later reduced to one-half of 1 percent (Development Corporations and Authorities, p. 310).

North Dakota: Chapter 109, laws 1959, approved March 17, 1959, authorizes savings and loan associations to become members of small business investment corporations created under the act and to make loans to them. The law imposes a limit on such loans by savings and loan associations of 2½ percent of the association's guaranty funds, surplus and undivided profits (Development Corporations and Authorities, p. 328).

Oregon: Chapter 660, laws 1959, approved May 27, 1959, authorizes savings and loan associations to become members of development credit corporations created under that act and to make loans to them. The law imposes a limit on such loans by a savings and loan association of 3 percent of the association's capital and surplus (Development Corporations and Authorities, p. 344; U.S.S. & L. Bulletin, July 1959, p. 180).

Pennsylvania: Senate bill 1093, laws 1959, approved December 1, 1959, authorizes building and loan associations to become members of business development corporations created under that act and to make loans to them. The law imposes a limit on such loans by a building and loan association of 2 percent of the association's undivided profits and general reserve funds, subject to a further overall limit on loans by financial institutions of \$550,000. Senate bill 1096, laws 1959, approved December 1, 1959, amends the Pennsylvania Building & Loan Code to authorize building and loan associations to invest in shares of any State or regional business development credit corporation created under Pennsylvania law (Development Corporations and Authorities, p. 364; U.S.S. & L. Bulletin, January 1960, p. 48).

Rhode Island: Chapter 3045, Public Laws 1953-54, approved February 11, 1953, created the Rhode Island Development Co. and authorized building and loan associations and cooperative banks to become members of it and make loans to it. The law imposes a limit on such loans by building and loan associations and cooperative banks of 2½ percent of the guaranty funds, sur-

plus and undivided profits of the association or cooperative bank (Development Corporations and Authorities, p. 387).

South Carolina: Act 983, laws 1960, approved May 24, 1960, authorizes savings and loan associations to become members of county business development corporations created under that act and to make loans to them. The law imposes a limit on such loans by a savings and loan association of 1 percent of the association's total outstanding loans (see U.S.S. & L. Bulletin, September 1960, p. 229).

South Dakota: Chapter 314, session laws 1957, approved March 6, 1957, authorizes savings and loan associations to become non-stockholder members of business development credit corporations created under that act and to make loans to them. The law provides that the articles of incorporation of the business development credit corporation shall determine what lines of credit are to be established by nonstockholder members (Development Corporations and Authorities, p. 146).

Tennessee: Chapter 170, laws 1959, approved March 19, 1959, authorizes savings and loan associations to become members of development credit corporations created under that act and to make loans to them. The law imposes a limit on such loans by a building and loan association of 1 percent of the total outstanding loans of the association, with a proviso that a development credit corporation may, in its articles of incorporation, reduce the loan limit of building and loan associations to one-half of 1 percent of total outstanding loans (Development Corporations and Authorities, p. 424; U.S.S. & L. Bulletin, July 1959, p. 182).

Virginia: Chapter 80, session laws 1960, approved February 24, 1960 (Virginia Code, sections 13.1-140 to 13.1-156), authorizes savings and loan associations to become members of industrial corporations created under that act, and to make loans to them. The law imposes a limit on such loans by savings and loan associations of 1 percent of the association's total outstanding loans.

Washington: Chapter 213, laws 1959, approved March 20, 1959, authorizes savings and loan associations to become members of development credit corporations created under that act and to make loans to them. The law imposes a limit on such loans by savings and loan associations of 3 percent of the association's guarantee and reserve funds (Development Corporations and Authorities, p. 442).

West Virginia: Chapter 25, laws 1959, passed March 10, 1959, authorizes building and loan associations to become members of business development corporations created under the act and to make loans to them. The law imposes a limit on such loans by a building and loan association of 1 percent of the association's total outstanding loans (Development Corporations and Authorities, p. 444).

Wisconsin: Chapter 656, laws 1955, approved November 18, 1955, authorizes savings and loan associations to become nonstockholder members of business development credit corporations created under the act and to make loans to them. The act provides that the articles of incorporation of a business development credit corporation shall determine lines of credit for nonstockholder members (Development Corporations and Authorities, p. 450).

parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn.

In 1931 a group of citizens of Tellico Plains donated to the U.S. Forest Service a two-tenths acre plot of land on which the Forest Service built a machine shop. Because the Forest Service has moved its machine shop to Etowah, Tenn., the Forest Service no longer has need for the land, and the town would like to have the land back. Since the Forest Service states it will have no further use for the property, it is hoped it can be returned to the town which so generously donated it 30 years ago.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The bill will be received and appropriately referred.

The bill (S. 848) to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn., was received, read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry.

NATIONAL EXPORT POLICY ACT OF 1961—NATIONAL IMPORT POLICY ACT OF 1961

Mr. JAVITS. Mr. President, on behalf of myself and the Senator from New Jersey [Mr. CASE], I send to the desk for appropriate reference two bills, one entitled "The National Export Policy Act of 1961," the other entitled "The National Import Policy Act of 1961."

I ask unanimous consent that the bills may lie upon the desk until the close of business on Monday for other Senators to join in sponsorship. I invite the attention of Senators to the fact that I hope to have the privilege later in the day of addressing myself to the very major policy questions bearing directly upon our present most serious problem, the imbalance of our international payments, which are dealt with by these bills.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The bills will be received and appropriately referred; and, without objection, the bills will lie on the desk, as requested by the Senator from New York.

The bills, introduced by Mr. JAVITS (for himself and Mr. CASE of New Jersey), were received, read twice by their titles, and referred as indicated:

S. 851. A bill to assist business enterprises, communities, and individuals to make necessary adjustments required by changed economic conditions resulting from the trade policies of the United States; to the Committee on Finance.

S. 852. A bill to encourage and promote the expansion through private enterprise of domestic exports in world markets; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

Mr. JAVITS subsequently said: Mr. President, I introduced earlier today a bill called the National Export Policy Act and one called the National Import Policy Act.

The economic growth of this country and the free world depends to a very large degree on a steady expansion of trade that can be sustained throughout this decade with the United States retaining its present role as world trade leader. But that objective may well prove unattainable unless Congress, with

CONVEYANCE OF CERTAIN LAND TO THE TOWN OF TELlico PLAINS, TENN.

Mr. KEFAUVER. Mr. President, I introduce for appropriate reference a bill to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain two-tenths acre

the backing of the new administration, acts promptly to establish a national trade policy for imports as well as exports. That is the fundamental purpose of the National Import Policy Act of 1961 and the National Export Policy Act of 1961 which I introduced today for myself and the Senator from New Jersey [Mr. CASE].

The President, in his recent message on the balance of payments and gold, placed great emphasis on U.S. export expansion as a major step which will help correct our international payments deficit and stem the gold outflow. Although it is surely not a new idea, a massive export drive is urgently needed. Our current payments deficit amounts to \$3.8 billion. Without our trade surplus of \$4.9 billion in 1960 resulting from a new sales record for U.S. exports, our deficit would have doubled and converted the gold situation into a genuine crisis undermining the stability of the dollar.

A most serious omission in President Kennedy's balance-of-payments message was the failure to mention to the Congress the all-important fact that U.S. export expansion implies maintaining and possibly even expanding U.S. imports. If the Federal Government is going to embark on new programs to help industries increase their sales in foreign markets, then it should also provide adequate protection and assistance for those at home adversely affected by foreign imports. Unless that happens, a wave of old-fashioned protectionist pressure can sweep this country and destroy the chances for an export expansion program, burying it under a mountain of new trade restrictions designed to keep out foreign goods.

In his message, President Kennedy did recognize that "a return to protectionism is not a solution."

Such a course—

He said—

would provoke retaliation.

Our trade with the six Common Market countries in Western Europe is a case in point. In 1960, our exports to them were an estimated \$3.4 billion, an increase of more than \$1 billion over 1959. But that increase would not have occurred without the prior existence of reasonable tariff agreements which permitted U.S. businesses and consumers to purchase an additional \$700 million in imports from common market countries during 1959. If we surrender to protectionist pressures now and try to artificially improve our favorable balance of trade with these nations by imposing new trade quotas and tariff barriers, they will retaliate. Almost overnight, we could find our current trade surplus of \$1 billion with these six nations wiped out.

Therefore, if the Federal Government pursues its announced program for export expansion, as I firmly believe it should, it must also recognize its responsibility to help those who may be hurt by a national policy for export expansion. If the administration tries one without the other, it is inviting an alliance of firms, labor groups, entire industries, and whole sections of the

country to fight U.S. trade expansion. That must not happen, and I do not believe that such action is inevitable if Congress moves promptly to implement a sensible import policy. Accordingly, "The National Import Policy Act of 1961," which I introduced today, as one part of a national trade policy, deals with the danger of protectionism in the United States attributable to injury from imports to domestic business and employment.

Two remedies are proposed in my bill. First, it gives the President the authority to "phase out" over a period of 7 years new tariff protection afforded by a Tariff Commission recommendation to any product; and, second, it provides adjustment assistance to enable individual businesses, individual workers, and communities to adjust to the national policy which dictates increased imports.

In order to accept these imports, we must meet the needs of businesses and workers who may be seriously endangered by them. Basic to this issue is the point that, while we have an estimated 200,000 to 400,000 workers concerned in businesses like some branches of textiles, and certain fabricated metal items, gloves, and so forth, which may suffer seriously from import competition, we have an estimated 4 to 5 million who are engaged in the production of everything from autos to medicines for export.

Another vital factor is the Communist challenge, for the Communists, through state trading, are in a position to take many of the products we now import off the hands of our supplier nations if we do not do so. Khrushchev said in 1955:

We value trade least for economic reasons and most for political purposes.

He has indeed declared war upon us "in the peaceful field of trade."

We declare a war we will win over the United States. The threat to the United States is not the ICBM, but in the field of peaceful production. We are relentless in this and it will prove the superiority of our system.

The Communist bloc trade, with 41 nations in the less developed areas of the free world, more than doubled between 1954 and 1958; and by the middle of last year, 1960, the bloc had doubled its trade and payments agreements with free world nations. Indeed, Soviet bloc trade expansion with the free world nearly doubled in the last 6 years, while our share remained, though much greater in size, generally stable.

The concept of adjustment assistance to workers, business, and communities adversely affected by the increasing flow of imports concentrated on a few sectors of the U.S. economy is basic to the ability of our Nation to continue its role of free world economic leadership. The responsibilities of this leadership include the maintenance of the stability of the dollar upon which the free world's currencies are based, and which is therefore the primary medium of economic progress. The \$35 billion annual rate of U.S. trade—imports and exports—is the major determining factor of dollar stability, representing more than 60 percent of our international transactions during 1960.

These responsibilities also include ratification of U.S. membership in the OECD—Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development—which is to come up for Senate approval in the very near future. The U.S. gross national product represents more than half of the \$900 billion annual product of the 20 OECD countries, and U.S. trade represents more than one-fourth of the OECD countries' annual trade. In the last analysis, the full effect of U.S. economic weight can be translated into effective action in the OECD only through expanding trade.

Although imports may cause some injury to segments of the national economy, we cannot afford to reduce our 16 percent share of free world trade since it represents quantitatively, after defense expenditures, our largest commitments to international affairs. Neither, however, can we afford to permit such injury to take place without doing everything in our power to alleviate its consequences.

The National Import Policy Act of 1961 is designed to meet this situation and it would do so at an approximate cost of between \$100 million and \$150 million per year or an amount equivalent to the tax revenue derived from \$1 billion in U.S. exports. On the other hand, a reduction of \$1 billion of imports could help probably no more than 2 percent of our present unemployed, while many times that number of workers would lose their jobs if there was any substantial slump in U.S. exports.

Under the terms of the National Import Policy Act of 1961, assistance to alleviate serious injury from imports would be available from the Federal Government in the form of loans, tax incentives, and technical aids to qualified businesses, communities, and industrial development corporations; together with special unemployment compensation, retraining assistance, provisions for early retirement, and relocation allowances for workers.

For workers unemployed as the result of increased foreign imports, the act would set up a program to assure unemployment compensation for at least 6 months at a rate of 70 percent of the average weekly wage in their respective States, with the difference between State unemployment payment levels and the compensation provided under this act to be made up by the Federal Government.

Those among these unemployed workers who cannot find new jobs because of their advanced age would become eligible to receive their regular social security retirement benefits at age 60, with such payments to be made out of general revenues, and not out of the social security trust fund. Perhaps 10,000 workers would not be able to find suitable employment because of advanced age, and would want to retire. At the rate of \$1,000 per worker, this would cost about \$10 million per year. Even at the end of 5 years, this should not exceed \$30 million per year.

In addition, vocational training would be available to workers, as well as relocation allowances, should they be unable

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 9, 1961

Mr. KEFAUVER introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed
4 to convey by quitclaim deed to the town of Tellico Plains,
5 Tennessee, all right, title, and interest of the United States
6 in and to a certain tract of land, together with any improve-
7 ments thereon, consisting of approximately 0.20 of an acre,
8 in the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee, known as the Fred
9 Lee tract (621), such tract, which is no longer required by
10 the United States Forest Service, having been previously
11 conveyed by such town to the United States without con-
12 sideration (by deed dated June 16, 1931) for use by the
13 United States Forest Service.

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee.

By Mr. KEFAUVER

FEBRUARY 9, 1961

Read twice and referred to the Committee on
Agriculture and Forestry

87TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 4821

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 23, 1961

Mr. FRAZIER introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed
4 to convey by quitclaim deed to the town of Tellico Plains,
5 Tennessee, all right, title, and interest of the United States
6 in and to a certain tract of land, together with any improve-
7 ments thereon, consisting of approximately 0.20 of an acre,
8 in the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee, known as the Fred
9 Lee tract (621), such tract, which is no longer required by
10 the United States Forest Service, having been previously
11 conveyed by such town to the United States without con-

- 1 sideration (by deed dated June 16, 1931) for use by the
- 2 United States Forest Service.

87TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION
H. R. 4821

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee.

By Mr. FRAZIER

FEBRUARY 23, 1961
Referred to the Committee on Agriculture

Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF
BUDGET AND FINANCE

(For Department
Staff Only)

CONTENTS

Issued June 8, 1961
For actions of June 7, 1961
87th-1st, No. 95

Appropriations.....1,12,25
Assistant Secretary.....13
Centennials.....13
Conservation.....8,25,29
Education.....16
Electrification.....26
Expenditures.....23
Experts and consultants..5
Farm mortgage.....2
Farm program.....4,22,34
Foreign trade.....17
Forest Service.....1
Forestry.....2,9,24
Homesteads.....23
Housing.....7,21
Irrigation.....20
Lands.....27
Libraries.....30

Minerals.....27
National parks.....10
Organization.....33
Personnel.....5
Procurement.....11
Recreation.....24
Research.....15,32
Small business.....11
Taxes.....19
Timber sales.....9
Tomatoes.....14
Youth corps.....3,29
Water pollution.....6
Watersheds.....2
Weights and measures....31
Wheat.....32

HIGHLIGHTS: Senate passed Interior appropriation bill. House passed independent offices appropriation bill. Sen. Hruska criticized farm bill. House subcommittee voted to report bill for USDA centennial celebration. Senate debated housing bill. Both Houses received President's Youth Conservation Corps bill. Sen. Humphrey and Rep. Perkins introduced and discussed this bill. Sen. Talmadge commended and inserted Secretary's article, "Public Relations -- Our No. 1 Job."

SENATE

1. INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1962. Passed with amendments this bill, H. R. 6345. Conferees were appointed. pp. 9040-51

By a vote of 77 to 13, agreed to an amendment by Sen. Dirksen to reduce by \$10 million, from \$149,200,200 to \$139,200,200, the item for forest land management, forest protection and utilization, Forest Service. p. 9042

Agreed to an amendment by Sen. Proxmire to restore \$300,000 disapproved by the Senate Appropriations Committee for detailed design and cost estimates for constructing additional laboratory facilities at the Forest Products Laboratory at Madison, Wisc. p. 9048

2. THE AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY COMMITTEE voted to report (but did not actually report) the following bills: p. D422

~~S. 302, to authorize the appropriation of an additional \$2 million for the purchase of land within the boundaries of the Superior National Forest, Minn.~~

~~S. 650, to amend the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act so as to permit any irrigation or reservoir company, water users' association, or similar organization approved by the Secretary of Agriculture to sponsor works of improvement.~~

S. 848, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a parcel of forest land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn.

S. 1040, to provide for the abolishment of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation.

3. WATERSHEDS. The Agriculture and Forestry Committee approved the following watershed projects: Crowabout Creek and Powell Creek, Ala.; Grady Could, Ark.; Hog-River-Pig-Creek, Ill.; Beasha Creek, Miss.; Panther Creek, Mo.; Haikey Creek, Okla.; Cane Creek, Tenn.; and Blue Creek, Utah. p. D422
4. FARM PROGRAM. The "Daily Digest" states that the Agriculture and Forestry Committee "announced that sometime next week it will proceed to consider S. 1643, proposed Agricultural Act of 1961." p. D422
Sen. Hruska criticized the farm bill, particularly the procedure for establishing farmer advisory committees and stated that the "procedures provided in S. 1643 are not democratic. Nor is the democratic process called into play." pp. 9039-40
5. PERSONNEL. The Commerce Committee voted to report (but did not actually report) S. 884, to authorize the Secretary of Commerce to procure the services of experts and consultants. p. D422
6. WATER POLLUTION. The Public Works Committee reported with amendments S. 120, to amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act so as to provide for a more effective program of water pollution control (S.Rept.353). p. 9013
7. HOUSING. Continued debate on S. 1922, the omnibus housing bill. pp. 9051-77
8. CONSERVATION; YOUTH CONSERVATION CORPS. Both Houses received from the President a proposed bill "to authorize pilot training and employment programs for youth including on-the-job and other appropriate training, local public service programs, and conservation programs," and including the establishment of a Youth Conservation Corps; to H. Education and Labor and S. Labor and Public Welfare Committees. pp. 9009, 9012
9. FORESTRY. Sen. Neuberger inserted a joint release by the Department of Agriculture and Department of the Interior regarding Federal timber sales policies stating that Secretaries Freeman and Udall "announced adoption of a study and recommendations made by the two Departments to bring timber sale practices by the two agencies into closer uniformity," and including a summary of 13 recommendations which were adopted. p. 9036-7
10. NATIONAL PARKS. Sen. Neuberger inserted an article, "Preserving Our National Parks." pp. 9037-8
11. SMALL BUSINESS; PROCUREMENT. Sen. Smathers submitted for printing a report of the Select Committee on Small Business, "The Role of Small Business in Government Procurement - 1961" (S. Rept. 355). p. 9077

HOUSE

12. APPROPRIATIONS. Passed with an amendment H. R. 7445, the independent offices appropriation bill for 1962. See Digest 94 for a summary of items of interest to this Dept. pp. 8975-9000
13. CENTENNIALS. Subcommittee No. 2 of the Judiciary Committee voted to report to the full committee H. J. Res. 435, to provide for recognition of the centennial of the establishment of the Department of Agriculture, and H. J. Res. 436, to provide for recognition of the centennial of the establishment of the national system of land-grant universities and colleges. p. D425

Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF
BUDGET AND FINANCE

(For Department
Staff Only)

CONTENTS

Issued June 9, 1961
For actions of June 8, 1961
87th-1st, No. 96

Adjournment.....	3,17,20
Administrative agencies.....	12
Appropriations.....	1
ASC committees.....	23
Disaster relief.....	21
Economic growth.....	23
Electrification.....	24
Employment.....	22
Farm mortgage.....	10
Farm program.....	19
Food.....	15
Forest fires.....	14
Forestry.....	10
Housing.....	9
Irrigation.....	21
Legislative program...7,16	
Livestock.....	25
Marketing.....	27

Packers.....	25
Personnel.....	11
Peace Corps.....	13,29
Public lands.....	5
Reclamation.....	13
Retirement.....	23
Sugar.....	26
Tax rates.....	3
Transportation.....	4
Urban affairs.....	6
Watersheds.....	10
Wool.....	2

HIGHLIGHTS: Senate debated housing bill. House committee reported Commerce-General Government Matters appropriation bill. Sen. McCarthy introduced and discussed bill to require bonds for packers in livestock operations. Sen. Mundt introduced and discussed sugar bill.

HOUSE

1. APPROPRIATIONS. The Appropriations Committee reported H. R. 7577, the Commerce and general Government matters appropriation bill for 1962 (H. Rept. 497). p. 9131
2. WOOL. The "Daily Digest" states, "The 'Digest' of June 6 erroneously stated that H. R. 3680, to extend the Wool Act of 1954, was reported to the full committee by the Subcommittee on Livestock and Feed Grains. Actually the provisions of this bill are to be substituted for section 132 of H. R. 6400, the general farm bill." p. D431
3. TAX RATES. By a vote of 295 to 88, passed without amendment H. R. 7446, to provide a 1-year extension of the existing corporate normal-tax rates (pp. 9080-6, 9098-121). Rejected, 139 to 196, a motion by Rep. Alger to recommit the bill

with instructions to report it with amendments to eliminate the transportation tax on persons (pp. 9119-20).

4. TRANSPORTATION. The Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee reported with amendment H. R. 6775, to amend the Shipping Act so as to provide for the operation of steamship conferences (H. Rept. 498). p. 9131
5. PUBLIC LANDS. The Subcommittee on National Parks of the Interior and Insular Affairs Committee voted to report to the full committee H. R. 7042, to add certain Federal land to the Lassen Volcanic National Park, Calif. p. D431
6. URBAN AFFAIRS. Rep. Patman inserted his testimony favoring an amendment to the bill concerning a Department of Urban Affairs, providing for a position of equal status for smaller towns and communities. pp. 9129-30
7. LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM. Rep. McCormack announced the program for next week, including the following: Mon., bill to provide for steamship conferences and general Government matters and Commerce appropriation bill for 1962. pp. 9121-2
8. ADJOURNED until Mon., June 12. pp. 9121, 9130

SENATE

9. HOUSING. Continued debate on S. 1922, the omnibus housing bill. pp. 9175-84, 9185-9239

Agreed to the following amendments:

By Sen. Case, S. Dak., 46 to 42, to strike out Title VI of the bill which have provided Federal assistance to State and local governments in preserving open-space land in and around urban areas. pp. 9211-19

By Sen. Fong "to grant to lessee farmers the benefit of provisions of the law on farm housing loans - that is, farmers who are farming lands that are being leased." pp. 9221-2

Rejected the following amendments:

By Sen. Humphrey, for himself and Sen. Scott, 43 to 51, which would have provided that municipalities with populations of 150,000 or less which are located in areas designated by the Secretary of Labor for redevelopment assistance or distressed areas would be eligible for the three-fourths urban renewal grant from the Federal Government. pp. 9198-9202

By Sen. Javits, 28 to 59, which would have permitted the VA to make direct housing loans to veterans in any area in which private capital is not generally available, rather than only to veterans in rural areas or small cities or towns as provided for in present law. pp. 9207-11

10. THE AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY COMMITTEE reported the following bills: p. 9135
S. 302, without amendment, to authorize the appropriation of an additional \$2 million for the purchase of land within the boundaries of the Superior National Forest, Minn. (S. Rept. 359).

S. 650, without amendment, to amend the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act so as to permit any irrigation or reservoir company, water users' association, or similar organization approved by the Secretary of Agriculture to sponsor works of improvement (S. Rept. 357).

S. 848, without amendment, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a parcel of forest land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn. (S. Rept. 356).

TELLICO PLAINS, TENN., LAND TRANSFER

JUNE 8, 1961.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. ELLENDER, from the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry, submitted the following

R E P O R T

[To accompany S. 848]

The Committee on Agriculture and Forestry, to whom was referred the bill (S. 848), to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn., having considered the same, report thereon with a recommendation that it do pass without amendment.

This bill directs the Secretary of Agriculture to quitclaim two-tenths of an acre to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn.

The land was donated in 1931 on behalf of the citizens of Tellico Plains to the United States "to be used for the location and erection of a warehouse by the Forest Service, and for any additional purpose or purposes which in the judgment of said Forest Service may be deemed desirable." The Forest Service now has no need for the land for any purpose and no improvements on the property have any value to the United States. Since the land is no longer used for any purpose specified in the deed, it should be conveyed to the town of Tellico Plains.

DEPARTMENTAL VIEWS

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
Washington, D.C., April 19, 1961.

HON. ALLEN J. ELLENDER,
Chairman, Committee on Agriculture and Forestry,
U.S. Senate.

DEAR SENATOR ELLENDER: This is in reply to your letter of February 11, 1961, requesting a report on S. 848, a bill to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn.

Because of the special circumstances under which the lands were conveyed to the United States, we have no objection to the enactment of S. 848.

The bill would authorize and direct the Secretary of Agriculture to convey by quitclaim deed to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn., all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to approximately 0.20 acres of land located in the town, together with any improvements thereon.

The tract of land to which S. 848 refers was acquired by the United States by deed dated June 16, 1931, as a donation without a consideration from Fred Lee and Gussie Lee, his wife, on behalf of the citizens of Tellico Plains. The deed stated that the land was donated to the United States to be used for the location and erection of a warehouse by the Forest Service, and for any additional purpose or purposes which in the judgment of the said Forest Service may be deemed desirable. The deed recites that the citizens of Tellico Plains did personally and severally provide funds for the purchase of a site to be donated to the United States for the above stated purposes and that these funds were paid to Fred Lee and Gussie A. Lee, his wife, on behalf of the citizens of Tellico Plains to help defray the cost of the land to be so donated.

The Forest Service constructed shop and warehouse facilities on the land in 1937. The site then remained in continuous use for this purpose until early 1960, when, due to a change in administrative headquarters and workload, the shop was moved to Etawah, Tenn. The Forest Service has no further need for the land as a site for warehouse or shop or for other purposes.

There are no improvements or facilities on the tract that have any value or further utility to the United States. The donors, Fred Lee and his wife, Gussie Lee, are still living and have no objection to conveyance of the land to the town of Tellico Plains.

Since this land was made available to the United States through the joint efforts of the citizens of Tellico Plains and because the United States no longer needs the land, we have no objection to conveyance of the property to the town.

The Bureau of the Budget advises that there is no objection to the presentation of this report from the standpoint of the administration's program.

Sincerely yours,

ORVILLE FREEMAN, *Secretary.*



S. 848

[Report No. 356]

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 9, 1961

Mr. KEFAUVER introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry

JUNE 8, 1961

Reported by Mr. ELLENDER, without amendment

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed
4 to convey by quitclaim deed to the town of Tellico Plains,
5 Tennessee, all right, title, and interest of the United States
6 in and to a certain tract of land, together with any improve-
7 ments thereon, consisting of approximately 0.20 of an acre,
8 in the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee, known as the Fred
9 Lee tract (621), such tract, which is no longer required by
10 the United States Forest Service, having been previously
11 conveyed by such town to the United States without con-
12 sideration (by deed dated June 16, 1931) for use by the
13 United States Forest Service.

87TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 848

[Report No. 356]

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee.

By Mr. KEFAUVER

FEBRUARY 9, 1961

Read twice and referred to the Committee on
Agriculture and Forestry

JUNE 8, 1961

Reported without amendment

Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF
BUDGET AND FINANCE

(For Department
Staff Only)

CONTENTS

Issued June 13, 1961
For actions of June 12, 1961
87th-1st, No. 97

Appropriations.....	11,13,31	
Civil defense.....	20	
Coffee.....	17	
Cotton.....	16	
Education.....	23,29	
Employment.....	29	
Forestry.....	3	
Farm labor.....	6,15,18	
Farm mortgage.....	4	
Farm program.....	9,15,30	
Feed grains.....	7	
Foreign affairs.....	25	
Foreign aid.....	8	
Forest Service.....	31	
Housing.....	1	
Lands.....	3,14,21	
Legislative program.....	10	
Organization.....	24	
Property.....	28	
Reclamation.....	27	
Roads.....	5,10	
School lunch.....	22	
Small business.....	11	
Soil bank.....	26	
Surplus food.....	8	
Transportation.....	12	
Water resources.....	19	
Watersheds.....	2	
Wool.....	13	

HIGHLIGHTS: Senate passed housing bill. House debated Commerce-General Government Matters appropriation bill. Rep. Kyl opposed financing Wool Act by direct appropriations. Sen. Humphrey criticized migratory farm labor program.

SENATE

1. HOUSING. By a vote of 64 to 25, passed with amendments S. 1922, the omnibus housing bill. pp. 9299-9320,9262
2. WATERSHEDS. Passed without amendment S. 650, to amend the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act so as to permit any irrigation or reservoir company, water users' association, or similar organization approved by the Secretary of Agriculture to sponsor works or improvement. p. 9292
3. FORESTRY; LANDS. Passed without amendment S. 048, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a parcel of forest land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn. pp. 9291-2
~~Passed without amendment S. 302, to authorize appropriation of an additional \$2 million for the purchase of land within the boundaries of the Superior National Forest, Minn. pp. 9293-4~~

The Interior and Insular Affairs Committee voted to report (but did not actually report) S. 1647, to provide for an exchange of federally owned lands (including Forest Service lands) at the Cedar Breaks National Monument, Utah. p. D438

The Interior and Insular Affairs Committee voted to report (but did not actually report) H. R. 5416, to include within the boundaries of Joshua Tree National Monument in California certain donated lands used in connection with the monument. p. D438

The "Daily Digest" states that the Interior and Insular Affairs Committee "discussed, but took no action on, S. 174, to establish a National Wilderness Preservation System." p. D438

4. FARM MORTGAGE CORPORATION. Passed as reported S. 1040, to abolish the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation. pp. 9292-3
5. ROADS. The Finance Committee reported H. R. 6713, to amend certain laws relating to the Federal-aid highway program (S. Rept. 367). p. 9253
6. FARM LABOR. Sen. Humphrey expressed concern for the welfare of migratory farm workers, stated that "these workers who help tend the abundance of our tables have long been the poorest and most neglected in our Nation," and inserted a newspaper editorial, "Protecting the Migrant Workers." pp. 9329-30
Sen. Long, Mo., discussed proposed bills to aid migratory farm workers and inserted an article, "Senator Williams Talks Farm Labor." pp. 9283-5
7. FEED GRAINS. Sen. Humphrey inserted a report of this Department on the signup under the feed grains program, "Final Feed Grain Signup Report Shows More Than 26.6 Million Acres," and stated that "It appears that the feed grain program ... has been a success so far as signup is concerned." pp. 9327-8
8. FOREIGN AID. Sen. Javits inserted an editorial, "Debate on Foreign Aid," stating that indications are that the President's foreign aid program "is running into trouble in Congress." p. 9323
Sen. Humphrey inserted a news release from the office of George McGovern, Director, Food For Peace, reporting on the use of surplus food for refugees and homeless families in 22 different countries of the world. p. 9329
Sen. Gruening inserted an article by John K. Galbraith, "A Positive Approach to Economic Aid," and an article by Justice Douglas, "Errors in the Foreign Aid Programs." pp. 9342-6
9. FARM PROGRAM. Sen. Ellender inserted a La. Legislature resolution opposing passage of the omnibus farm bill. p. 9252
10. LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM. Sen. Mansfield announced that H. R. 6713, the Federal-aid highway bill, will be considered later this week. p. 9320

HOUSE

11. APPROPRIATIONS. Began debate on H. R. 7577, the Department of Commerce and general Government matters appropriations for 1962. pp. 9388-94
Rep. Patman said "I was distressed to learn that H. R. 7577 reduced the appropriation for the Small Business Administration from \$18,447,000 to \$17,525,000." p. 9399
12. TRANSPORTATION. Passed as reported H. R. 6775, to provide for the operation of steamship conferences. pp. 9369-72

The title was amended so as to read: "A bill for the relief of Mary Dawn Polson (Emmy Lou Kim) and Joseph King Polson (Sung Sang Moon)."

GEORGIOS TZOTZOLAS

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 266) for the relief of Georgios Tzotzolas, which had been reported from the Committee on the Judiciary, with an amendment, on page 1, line 4, after the name "Georgios", to strike out "Tzotzolas" and insert "Laskaris Tgotgolas", so as to make the bill read:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Georgios Laskaris Tgotgolas shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this Act, upon payment of the required visa fee. Upon the granting of the status of permanent residence to such alien as provided for in this Act, the Secretary of State shall instruct the proper quota-control officer to deduct one number from the appropriate quota for the first year that such quota is available.

The amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed.

The title was amended, so as to read: "A bill for the relief of Georgios Laskaris Tgotgolas."

GEORGE JOHN COUTSOUBINAS AND OTHERS

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 553) for the relief of Gorge John Coutsoubinas and others, which had been reported from the Committee on the Judiciary, with amendments, on page 1, line 4, after the word "Act", to strike out "George John Coutsoubinas," and in the same line, after "Olga G.", to strike out "Coutsoubinas," and insert "Coutsoubinas and", and in line 5, after the name "Coutsoubinas", to strike out the comma and "and Agath G. Coutsoubinas"; so as to make the bill read:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Olga G. Coutsoubinas and Spyridon G. Coutsoubinas shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this Act, upon payment of the required visa fees. Upon the granting of permanent residence to such aliens as provided for in this Act, the Secretary of State shall instruct the proper quota-control officer to deduct the required numbers from the appropriate quota or quotas for the first year that such quota or quotas are available.

The amendments were agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed.

The title was amended so as to read: "A bill for the relief of Olga G. Coutsoubinas and Spyridon G. Coutsoubinas."

FUNG WAN

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 700) for the relief of Fung Wan, which had been reported from the Committee on the Judiciary, with an amendment, to strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

That, in the administration of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Fung Wan (Mrs. Jung Gum Goon), the widow of a United States citizen who served honorably in the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be held and considered to be within the purview of section 101(a)(27)(A) of that Act and the provisions of section 205 of that Act shall not be applicable in this case.

The amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed.

The title was amended, so as to read: "A bill for the relief of Fung Wan (Mrs. Jung Gum Goon)."

DR. PERKINS P. K. CHANG AND OTHERS

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 942) for the relief of Dr. Perkins P. K. Chang and others, which had been reported from the Committee on the Judiciary, with an amendment, to strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

That, for the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Doctor Perkins P. K. Chang (Chang Peng-Keng) shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of September 14, 1955, upon payment of the required visa fee. Upon the granting of permanent residence to such alien as provided for in this Act, the Secretary of State shall instruct the proper quota-control officer to deduct one number from the appropriate quota for the first year that such quota is available.

The amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed.

The title was amended, so as to read: "A bill for the relief of Doctor Perkins P. K. Chang (Chang Peng-Keng)."

BILL PASSED OVER

The bill (S. 1206) for the relief of Continental Hosiery Mills, Inc., of Henderson, N.C., successor to Continental Hosiery Co., of Henderson, N.C., was announced as next in order.

Mr. KEATING. Mr. President, I favor this bill, but I have a request that it go over, so I ask that it go over.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Objection is heard. The bill will go over.

WAR RISK INSURANCE

The bill (S. 1931) to extend the provisions of title XIII of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, relating to war risk insurance was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed, as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of

America in Congress assembled, That section 1312 of title XIII of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1542), is hereby amended by striking out "June 13, 1961" and inserting "June 13, 1966" in lieu thereof.

BILLS PASSED OVER

The bill (H.R. 2457) to amend title V of the Merchant Marine Act of 1936, in order to clarify the construction subsidy provisions with respect to reconstruction, reconditioning, and conversion, and for other purposes, was announced as next in order.

Mr. KEATING. Over by request.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Objection is heard. The bill will go over.

The bill (S. 120) to amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to provide for a more effective program of water pollution control was announced as next in order.

Mr. MUSKIE. Over.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Objection is heard. The bill will go over.

SHELLFISHERIES RESEARCH CENTER AT MILFORD, CONN.

The bill (S. 606) to provide for the construction of a shellfisheries research center at Milford, Conn., was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed, as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, is authorized and directed to construct at Milford, Connecticut, a research center for shellfisheries production and for such purpose acquire such real property as may be necessary. Such research center shall consist of research facilities, a pilot hatchery including rearing tanks and ponds, and a training school, and shall be used for the conduct of basic research on the physiology and ecology of commercial shellfish, the development of hatchery methods for cultivation of mollusks, including the development of principles that can be applied to the utilization of artificial and natural salt water ponds for shellfish culture, and to train persons in the most advanced methods of shellfish culture.

SEC. 2. There is authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, not to exceed \$1,325,000 to carry out this Act.

TELLICO PLAINS, TENN., LAND TRANSFER

The bill (S. 848) to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn., was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed, as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to convey by quitclaim deed to the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a certain tract of land, together with any improvements thereon, consisting of ap-

proximately 0.20 of an acre, in the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee, known as the Fred Lee tract (621), such tract, which is no longer required by the United States Forest Service, having been previously conveyed by such town to the United States without consideration (by deed dated June 16, 1931) for use by the United States Forest Service.

Mr. MUSKIE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to have printed at this point in the RECORD a statement by the distinguished Senator from Louisiana [Mr. ELLENDER].

There being no objection, the statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

STATEMENT BY SENATOR ELLENDER

The bill directs the Secretary of Agriculture to quitclaim two-tenths of an acre to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn.

The land was donated to the Forest Service in 1931 on behalf of the citizens of Tellico Plains. The deed specified that the land was "to be used for the location and erection of a warehouse by the Forest Service, and for any additional purpose or purposes which in the judgment of said Forest Service may be deemed desirable." The Forest Service now has no need for the land and there are no improvements on the land of any value to the United States. Its return to the citizens of Tellico Plains by means of quitclaim to the town without consideration only represents fair play and equity. The deed to the United States was executed by Fred Lee and Gussie Lee on behalf of the citizens of Tellico Plains. Mr. and Mrs. Lee have no objection to conveyance of the land to the town.

WATERSHED PROTECTION AND FLOOD PREVENTION ACT, AMENDMENT

The bill (S. 650) to amend the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act to permit certain new organizations to sponsor works of improvement thereunder was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed, as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the last paragraph of section 2 of the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act is amended by inserting immediately before the period at the end thereof the following: "or any irrigation or reservoir company, water users' association, or similar organization having such authority that may be approved by the Secretary".

ABOLITION OF FEDERAL FARM MORTGAGE CORPORATION

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 1040) to abolish the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation, and for other purposes, which had been reported from the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry with an amendment to strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

That (a) the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation, established by the Act of January 31, 1934 (48 Stat. 344; 12 U.S.C. 1020), is hereby abolished; and, except as provided in subsection (d), all of the powers, duties, functions, and authority of such Corporation are hereby terminated.

(b) All right, title, and interest in or to real property other than reserved mineral interests which may appear of public record in any farm credit district to be in the Land

Bank Commissioner or the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation are hereby confirmed to be in the Federal land bank of said district, and said bank is hereby authorized in its own name or in the name of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation to execute any assignment, release, satisfaction, or other instrument as may be necessary or appropriate in connection therewith to perfect title of record in the true owners.

(c) All right, title, and interest to any reserved mineral interests of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation which have not been disposed of otherwise by the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation are hereby confirmed to be in the United States of America to be administered by the Secretary of the Interior under the mineral laws of the United States.

(d) There are hereby transferred to the Secretary of the Treasury (1) all cash, accounts receivable, and other assets owned by the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation and (2) all authority of such corporation relating to the collection of notes receivable from the Federal land banks.

(e) Any cash received by the Secretary of the Treasury, and any moneys collected by him, by virtue of the transfer made under this section shall be deposited in the general fund of the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

SEC. 2. No suit, action, or other proceeding lawfully commenced by or against the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation shall abate by reason of the enactment of this Act, but the court, on motion or supplemental petition filed at any time within twelve months after the date of such enactment, may allow the same to be maintained by or against the Secretary of the Treasury.

SEC. 3. (a) Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 12, 17, and 18 of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1020, 1020a-1020h, 992a, 723(f)), are hereby repealed.

(b) Sections 32 (except the fourteenth sentence thereof), 33, 34, and 35 of the Emergency Farm Mortgage Act of 1933, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1016-1019, except 1016(h), second sentence), are hereby repealed, and the fourteenth sentence of such section 32 (12 U.S.C. 1016(h), second sentence) is hereby amended by deleting therefrom the word "such".

(c) The first sentence of the eighth paragraph of section 13 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 347), is amended by striking out "or by the deposit or pledge of Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation bonds issued under the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation Act".

(d) The first sentence of section 14(b) of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 355), is amended by striking out "bonds of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation having maturities from date of purchase of not exceeding six months".

(e) The fourteenth paragraph of section 7 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 723(c)), is amended by striking out the fourth sentence thereof.

(f) The last paragraph of section 12 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 722), is amended to read as follows:

"Amounts transmitted to Federal land bank associations by Federal land banks to be loaned to its members shall, at the option of the bank, be in current funds or, at the option of the borrower, in farm loan bonds."

(g) Paragraph Eighth of section 13 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 781), is amended to read as follows:

"Eighth. To buy and sell United States Government obligations direct or fully guaranteed."

(h) Section 13 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 781), is amended by striking out paragraphs Fifteenth, Sixteenth and Twentieth thereof.

(i) Section 22 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 897), is amended by (1) striking out clause (e) under the heading "In the case of a Federal land bank" and (2) striking out clause (e) under the heading "In the case of a joint-stock land bank".

(j) Section 62 of the Farm Credit Act of 1933, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1138b), is amended by striking out "the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation,".

(k) The Act of June 4, 1936, as amended (49 Stat. 1461; 12 U.S.C. 773a), is amended by striking out "the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation," and "the Land Bank Commissioner".

(l) Section 7(b) of the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1936, approved June 22, 1936 (49 Stat. 1648; 15 U.S.C. 712a (b)), is amended by striking out item 4 thereof and by redesignating items 5 to 13, inclusive, as 4 to 12, respectively.

(m) The Act of September 6, 1950 (64 Stat. 769; 7 U.S.C. 1036), is amended by striking out section 4 thereof.

(n) Section 7(a) of the Farm Credit Act of 1953, as amended (12 U.S.C. 636f(a)), is amended by striking out the second and third sentences thereof.

(o) The second sentence of section 433 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by striking out "the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation Act,".

(p) The first paragraph of section 493 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by striking out "Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation".

(q) Section 657 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by striking out "Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation,".

(r) Section 658 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by striking out "Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation,".

(s) Section 1006 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by striking out "Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation,".

(t) Section 1014 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by striking out "or the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation,".

(u) Section 101 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended (31 U.S.C. 846), is amended by striking out "Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation,".

(v) The Department of Agriculture Organic Act of 1944, as amended (58 Stat. 741; 12 U.S.C. 1020a-1), is amended by striking out section 603 thereof.

(w) The last paragraph of section 32 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 992, 993), is hereby repealed.

The amendment was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. HOLLAND in the chair). The Senator from Florida asks unanimous consent that a statement in reference to the bill be printed in the RECORD at this point.

There being no objection, the statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

STATEMENT BY SENATOR HOLLAND

This bill would abolish the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation, which has been in liquidation since 1947. The committee amendment simply incorporates in the bill a number of technical amendments recommended by the Farm Credit Administration as being necessary to accomplish the purposes of the bill in a proper manner.

The Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation was established in 1934 to aid in financing land bank commissioner loans. Authority for such loans expired in 1947. As of June 30, 1955, pursuant to an act approved June 1 of that year all assets of the Corporation held as a result of the land bank commissioner loans, except cash, accounts receivable, and reserved mineral interests, were sold to the Federal land banks. As of September 6, 1957, pursuant to an act approved

S. 848

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 13, 1961

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed
4 to convey by quitclaim deed to the town of Tellico Plains,
5 Tennessee, all right, title, and interest of the United States
6 in and to a certain tract of land, together with any improve-
7 ments thereon, consisting of approximately 0.20 of an acre,
8 in the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee, known as the Fred
9 Lee tract (621), such tract, which is no longer required by
10 the United States Forest Service, having been previously
11 conveyed by such town to the United States without con-
12 sideration (by deed dated June 16, 1931) for use by the
13 United States Forest Service.

Passed the Senate June 12, 1961.

Attest:

FELTON M. JOHNSTON,

Secretary.

87TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 848

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee.

JUNE 13, 1961

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture

9. NATURAL RESOURCES. Sen. Proxmire inserted an article discussing the proposal for development of the natural resources of Wisc., "The Wisconsin Plan," which stated that "A key proposal in the Wisconsin plan is that the State undertake an extensive program for acquiring scenic and other easements." p. 13166
10. FOREIGN AID. Sen. Miller inserted an article critical of the foreign aid program, "The Erratic Course of Foreign Aid." pp. 13168-9
11. LABOR-HEW APPROPRIATION BILL, 1962. This bill, H. R. 7035, was made the unfinished business for consideration today. p. 13165
12. LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM. Sen. Mansfield announced that the foreign aid authorization bill will probably be taken up late Tues. or early Wed. pp. 13149-50

HOUSE

13. LIVESTOCK FEED. Passed as reported S. 2197, to provide that feed owned or controlled by CCC shall be made available at any price not less than 75 percent of the current support price for such feed (or a comparable price if there is no current support price) for assistance in the preservation and maintenance of foundation herds of cattle, sheep, and goats in any area of the U. S. where, because of flood, drought, fire, hurricane, earthquake, storm, disease, insect infestation, or other catastrophe in such areas, the Secretary determines that an emergency exists which warrants such assistance, provided that such feed will be made available only to persons who do not have, and are unable to obtain through normal channels of trade without undue financial hardship, sufficient feed for the livestock. Provisions of the bill as passed by the Senate which would have authorized the Secretary of Agriculture to permit the removal of hay from, or grazing on, conservation reserve lands adjacent to, or near, disaster areas were deleted. p. 13062
14. HOG CHOLERA. The Agriculture Committee voted to report (but did not actually report) H. R. 7176, to provide for a national hog cholera eradication program. p. D639
15. TOBACCO. The Agriculture Committee voted to report (but did not actually report) with amendment H. R. 1022, to provide for the lease and transfer of tobacco acreage allotments. p. D639
16. APPROPRIATIONS. Conferees were appointed on H. R. 7208, the legislative appropriation bill for 1962. Senate conferees have already been appointed. p. 13050
17. PUBLIC LANDS. The Agriculture Committee voted to report (but did not actually report) ~~S. 702, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a tract of forest land in Wyoming to the town of Aften; H. R. 4821, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a parcel of forest land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee; H. R. 3879, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey to the State of Wyoming for agricultural purposes the Soil Conservation Service Farson Pilot Farm land in Sweetwater County, Wyoming; H. R. 4682, with amendment, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to sell and convey certain tracts of forest lands in Iowa to the State; H. R. 4939, to provide for the conveyance by the Farmers Home Administration of all right, title, and interest of the U. S. in a certain tract of land in Jasper County, Georgia, to the Jasper County Board of Education; and H. R. 6193, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a tract of forest land in Wyoming to the county of Fremont, Wyoming.~~ p. D639

18. LAND. The Agriculture Committee voted to report (but did not actually report) H. R. 3920, to authorize an exchange of land at the Agricultural Research Center. p. D639
19. BOTANICAL GARDEN. The Agriculture Committee voted to report (but did not actually report) H. R. 5628, to provide for a study and investigation of the desirability and feasibility of establishing and maintain^{ing} the National Tropical Botanical Garden. p. D639
20. SURPLUS COMMODITIES. The Agriculture Committee voted to report (but did not actually report) S. 1873, to permit CCC commodities donated for use in home economics courses to also be used for training college students if the same facilities and instructors are used for training both high school and college students in home economics courses. p. D639
21. SUGAR. Several Representatives discussed the importance of sugar to the national economy and urged enactment of new sugar legislation this session of Congress. pp. 13065-77
22. TARIFFS. Agreed to the conference report on H. R. 6611, to reduce (until July 1, 1963) from \$500 to \$100 the amount of goods that a returning resident may bring back to this country free of duty. This bill will now be sent to the President. p. 13050
Received from the Secretary of the Treasury a proposed bill "to amend the Tariff Act of 1930 and certain related laws to provide for the restatement of the tariff classification provisions"; to Ways and Means Committee. p. 13096
23. FOREIGN AFFAIRS. The "Daily Digest" states that the Foreign Affairs Committee "Met in executive session, and ordered a clean bill, H. R. 8400, introduced in lieu of H. R. 7372, to promote the foreign policy, security, and general welfare of the U. S. by assisting peoples of the world in their efforts toward economic and social development and internal and external security." pp. D639-40
24. SMALL BUSINESS. Rep. Schwengel advocated a small business extension service, saying, "The Agricultural Extension Service is a fine example of what such an Extension Service can accomplish ... It is my contention that this proven valuable service should be extended to all facets of small business." pp. 13079-80
25. REPORTS. Received from the Government Operations Committee a report "on availability of information from Federal Departments and agencies" (H. Rept. 818). p. 13096

ITEMS IN APPENDIX

26. RIVER BASIN. Extension of remarks of Sen. Magnuson inserting an article, "Basin Project Due For New Impetus," describing what can be achieved through completion of the Columbia River Basin project. pp. A5845-6
27. MANPOWER. Extension of remarks of Sen. Randolph inserting an editorial praising Sen. Clark for his efforts in the advancement of legislation to provide manpower development programs. p. A5848
28. RECREATION. Extension of remarks of Sen. Anderson inserting an article, "Park Plan For Tomorrow: Federal Officials Drafting Long-Range Land-Acquisition Program To Balance U. S. Industrial Expansion." p. A5852-3

14. SUGAR. Rep. Langen stated there is a need for sugar legislation in this session of Congress, saying, "The Secretary of Agriculture says it is reasonable to expect that the recommendations made in 1962 will favor an expansion of beet sugar acreage. If it is reasonable in 1962, it should be reasonable right now." pp. 14324-5
15. SURPLUS FOODS. The Agriculture Committee reported without amendment S. 1873, to permit CCC commodities donated for use in home economics courses to also be used for training college students if the same facilities and instructors are used for training both high school and college students in home economics courses (H. Rept. 881). p. 14331
16. ASSISTANT SECRETARIES. The Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee reported without amendment H. R. 6360, to authorize an additional Assistant Secretary of Commerce (H. Rept. 885). p. 14331
17. PUBLIC LANDS. The Agriculture Committee reported without amendment ~~H. R. 3879, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey to Wyoming for agricultural purposes the SCS Farnon Pilot Farm land in Sweetwater County, Wyo. (H. Rept. 883); H. R. 4821, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a parcel of forest land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn. (H. Rept. 884); H. R. 6193, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a tract of forest land in Wyoming to Fremont County (H. Rept. 887); H. R. 3920, to authorize an exchange of land at the Agricultural Research Center (H. Rept. 897; and (with amendment) H. R. 4939, to provide for the conveyance by the Farmers Home Administration of all right, title, and interest of the U. S. in a certain tract of land in Jasper County, Ga., to the Jasper County Board of Education (H. Rept. 886).~~ p. 14331
18. MANPOWER. The Education and Labor Committee reported without amendment H. R. 8399, relating to the occupational training, development, and use of the manpower resources of the Nation (H. Rept. 879). p. 14331
19. FOREIGN AID. The Rules Committee reported a resolution for the consideration of H. R. 8400, the foreign aid authorization bill. p. 14331
20. LANDS; EASEMENTS. The Subcommittee on Public Buildings and Grounds of the Public Works Committee voted to report to the full committee H. R. 8355, to authorize executive agencies to grant easements in, over, or upon real property of the U. S. under the control of such agencies. p. D693
21. REIMBURSEMENTS. The Subcommittee on Public Buildings and Grounds of the Public Works Committee voted to report to the full committee H. R. 8356, to authorize reimbursement to owners and tenants of certain lands or interest therein acquired by the U. S. for certain moving expenses and losses and damages. p. D693
22. PERSONNEL. The Subcommittee of the Post Office and Civil Service Committee voted to report to the full committee with amendments H. R. 6374, to clarify the application of the Government Employees Training Act with respect to payment of expenses of attendance of Government employees at certain meetings. p. D692
23. POWER TRANSMISSION. Rep. Aspinall urged the enactment of legislation for Federal transmission of power on the Colorado River storage project. pp. 14291-2

24. LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM. Rep. McCormack announced that H. R. 8400, the foreign aid bill, will be taken up Mon., and debate will continue throughout the week until this bill is disposed of. p. 14276
25. ADJOURNED until Mon., Aug. 14. pp. 14330-1

ITEMS IN APPENDIX

26. FOOD. Extension of remarks of Sen. Humphrey inserting an article, "Agriculture Studies Reds' Food Shortage." pp. A6239-40
27. FOREIGN AID. Extension of remarks of Rep. Harvey inserting an article discussing a report on the "almost total failure of the foreign aid program in Peru." pp. A6243-4
- Extension of remarks of Rep. Pelly inserting Rep. Ford's letter to the editor of the N. Y. Times discussing certain alleged statements made by Theodore Tennenwald, Special Asst. to the Secretary of State, regarding the proposed foreign aid program. pp. A6278-9
28. FARM PROGRAM. Extension of remarks of Rep. Harvey inserting an article, "Cadillac For Every Farm." pp. A6259-60
29. NATURAL RESOURCES; URBAN AFFAIRS. Extension of remarks of Rep. Mathias stating that "it is increasingly apparent that we must coordinate our efforts in the field of city planning, agriculture, natural resources, recreation, wildlife preservation, and sheer living and breathing space," and inserting an article, "U. S. Croplands Found Shrinking -- Million Acres Lost Yearly To Growth of Suburbs." p. A6268
30. ELECTRIFICATION; COOPERATIVES. Extension of remarks of Rep. Dent inserting REA Administrator Norman Clapp's address before the Northwestern Rural Electric Cooperative Association. pp. A6269-71
31. FOREIGN TRADE. Extension of remarks of Rep. Dent discussing the effects of foreign-made consumer goods on American business and workers. pp. A6280-1

BILLS INTRODUCED

32. PERSONNEL. H. R. 8648, by Rep. Corbett, to permit certain Government employees to elect to receive compensation in accordance with section 401 of the Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945 in lieu of certain compensation at a saved rate; to Post Office and Civil Service Committee.
- H. R. 8649, by Rep. Corbett, to amend the Federal Employees' Group Life Insurance Act of 1954 to provide for escheat of amounts of insurance to the insurance fund under such Act in the absence of any claim for payment; to Post Office and Civil Service Committee.
- H. R. 8656, by Rep. Pillion, to reduce nondefense personnel by 10 percent; to Post Office and Civil Service Committee.
33. EXPENDITURES. H. R. 8634, by Rep. Glenn, to help maintain the financial solvency of the Federal Government by reducing nonessential expenditures through reduction in personnel in various agencies of the Federal Government by attrition; to Post Office and Civil Service Committee.
34. FARM PROGRAM. H. R. 8638, by Rep. Ikard, Tex., "to amend the Agricultural Act of 1949"; to Agriculture Committee.

LAND CONVEYANCE TO THE TOWN OF TELlico PLAINS, TENN.

AUGUST 10, 1961.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

Mr. COOLEY, from the Committee on Agriculture, submitted the following

R E P O R T

[To accompany H.R. 4821]

The Committee on Agriculture, to whom was referred the bill (H.R. 4821) to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn., having considered the same, report favorably thereon without amendment and recommend that the bill do pass.

PURPOSE

The purpose of this bill is to authorize and direct the Secretary of Agriculture to convey to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn., title to a tract of land in the town consisting of approximately one-fifth of an acre.

NEED FOR THE LEGISLATION

The tract of land referred to in this bill was donated to the Government by the town of Tellico Plains in 1931 for the purpose of providing the site for a Forest Service warehouse. From 1937 to 1960, the tract was used for this purpose but in early 1960 the Forest Service operation was moved to Etawah, Tenn., and the Government no longer has any use for the tract of land in Tellico Plains. Since the land was made available to the United States through the joint efforts of the citizens of Tellico Plains, and the Government no longer needs the land, its return to the town without consideration would appear to be entirely equitable.

COST

There would be no cost to the United States as the result of this legislation since the land in question was donated to the Government and there are no improvements or facilities on the tract of any value to the United States.

DEPARTMENTAL APPROVAL

Following is the letter from the Department of Agriculture recommending approval of the legislation and describing in some further detail the acquisition and use of the land by the United States:

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
Washington, D.C., May 16, 1961.

HON. HAROLD D. COOLEY,
*Chairman, Committee on Agriculture,
House of Representatives.*

DEAR CONGRESSMAN COOLEY: This is in reply to your letter of May 3, 1961, requesting a report on H.R. 4821, a bill to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn.

Because of the special circumstances under which the lands were conveyed to the United States, we have no objection to the enactment of H.R. 4821.

The bill would authorize and direct the Secretary of Agriculture to convey by quitclaim deed to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn., all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to approximately 0.20 acres of land located in the town, together with any improvements thereon.

The tract of land to which H.R. 4821 refers was acquired by the United States by deed dated June 16, 1931, as a donation without a consideration from Fred Lee and Gussie Lee, his wife, on behalf of the citizens of Tellico Plains. The deed stated that the land was donated to the United States "to be used for the location and erection of a warehouse by the Forest Service, and for any additional purpose or purposes which in the judgment of the said Forest Service may be deemed desirable." The deed recites that the citizens of Tellico Plains did personally and severally provide funds for the purchase of a site to be donated to the United States for the above stated purposes and that these funds were paid to Fred Lee and Gussie A. Lee, his wife, on behalf of the citizens of Tellico Plains to help defray the cost of the land to be so donated.

The Forest Service constructed shop and warehouse facilities on the land in 1937. The site then remained in continuous use for this purpose until early 1960, when, due to a change in administrative headquarters and workload, the shop was moved to Etawah, Tenn. The Forest Service has no further need for the land as a site for warehouse or shop or for other purposes.

There are no improvements or facilities on the tract that have any value or further utility to the United States. The donors, Fred Lee and his wife, Gussie Lee, are still living and have no objection to conveyance of the land to the town of Tellico Plains.

Since this land was made available to the United States through the joint efforts of the citizens of Tellico Plains and because the United States no longer needs the land, we have no objection to conveyance of the property to the town.

The Bureau of the Budget advises that there is no objection to the presentation of this report from the standpoint of the administration's program.

Sincerely yours,

ORVILLE L. FREEMAN.

H. R. 4821

[Report No. 884]

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 23, 1961

Mr. FRAZIER introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture

AUGUST 10, 1961

Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed
4 to convey by quitclaim deed to the town of Tellico Plains,
5 Tennessee, all right, title, and interest of the United States
6 in and to a certain tract of land, together with any improve-
7 ments thereon, consisting of approximately 0.20 of an acre,
8 in the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee, known as the Fred
9 Lee tract (621), such tract, which is no longer required by
10 the United States Forest Service, having been previously
11 conveyed by such town to the United States without con-
12 sideration (by deed dated June 16, 1931) for use by the
13 United States Forest Service.

87TH CONGRESS
1ST Session

H. R. 4821

[Report No. 884]

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee.

By Mr. FRAZIER

FEBRUARY 23, 1961

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture

AUGUST 10, 1961

Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

16. PUBLIC LANDS.

~~Land in Sweetwater County, Wyo. p. 15425~~ S. 848

~~Passed without amendment H. R. 4821, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a parcel of forest land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn. p. 15426~~

~~At the request of Rep. Gross, passed over without prejudice H. R. 4939, to provide for the conveyance by the Farmers Home Administration of all right, title, and interest of the U. S. in a certain tract of land in Jasper County, Ga., to the Jasper County Board of Education. p. 15426~~

~~Passed without amendment H. R. 6193, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a tract of forest land in Wyoming to Fremont County. p. 15426~~

~~Passed without amendment H. R. 3920, to authorize an exchange of land at the Agricultural Research Center. p. 15426~~

~~Passed as reported H. R. 4682, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to sell and convey certain tracts of forest lands in Iowa to the State. pp. 15426-7~~

17. FISHERIES. Passed without amendment H. R. 206, to facilitate administration of the fishery loan fund. p. 15419

18. SHIPPING. Passed as reported H. R. 6732, to amend the Merchant Marine Act to encourage the construction and maintenance of American-flag vessels built in American shipyards. p. 15429

19. PERSONNEL. Passed as reported H. R. 4131, to authorize the waiver of collection of certain erroneous payments made by the Federal Government to certain civilian and military personnel. pp. 15415-6

~~Passed without amendment H. R. 7021, to revise legislation authorizing Government agencies to provide quarters, household furniture and equipment, utilities, subsistence, and laundry service to civilian officers and employees of the United States. p. 15420~~

~~Passed as reported H. R. 6374, to clarify the application of the Government Employees Training Act with respect to payment of expenses of attendance of Government employees at certain meetings. pp. 15432-3~~

20. CIVIL DEFENSE. Passed without amendment H. R. 8383, to amend the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950 to ratify retroactive financial contributions made to States. p. 15429

~~Passed without amendment H. R. 8406, to change the name of the Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization to the Office of Emergency Planning. p. 15430~~

21. WATER COMPACTS. Passed without amendment S. 2245, to extend the time for negotiation of certain compacts by Nebr., Wyo., and S. D. This bill will now be sent to the President. p. 15431

22. PATENTS. Passed without amendment H. J. Res. 499, authorizing a celebration of the American patent system. p. 15422

23. SALINE WATER. Passed under suspension of the rules H. R. 7916, to expand and extend the saline water conversion program being conducted by the Secretary of the Interior. pp. 15468-74

24. FORESTRY. The Subcommittee of Forests of the Agriculture Committee voted to report to the full committee H. R. 3052, to increase by \$2 million the authorization for purchase and condemnation of land within the Superior National Forest, Minn., and (with amendments) H. R. 4934, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to modify certain leases entered into for the provision of recreation facilities in reservoir areas. p. D739

ITEMS IN APPENDIX

25. DAIRY INDUSTRY. Extensions of remarks of Sen. Aiken inserting an editorial, "Protecting Quality Milk," opposing H. R. 50, the proposed national dairy sanitation standards. p. A6527
Extension of remarks of Rep. Steed stating that "overwhelming evidence has been accumulated showing the appalling effect of price discrimination in the destruction of free competition and the creation of monopolies in the dairy industry," and inserting correspondence on this subject. pp. A6561-3
26. FOREIGN AID. Speech in the House by Rep. Scott supporting the President's foreign-aid program. pp. A6527-8
Speech in the House by Rep. Wharton stating that "unless, and until, foreign aid is placed under a firm and businesslike administration, I shall continue to vote against it." p. A6537
Extension of remarks of Rep. Alger inserting his newsletter opposing the foreign aid bill, and an editorial, "Billions for Promises." pp. A6545-6, A6566-7
27. LANDS. Extension of remarks of Rep. Aspinall inserting an address by Harold Hochmuth, Bureau of Land Management, "The National Land Reserve Adjustments In The Range Livestock Industry," and stating that it outlines "the background and current thinking of the Department (Interior) concerning grazing on public lands." pp. A6529-31
Extension of remarks of Sen. Wiley urging "adoption of more efficient utilization and reforestation programs" and inserting an article." pp. A6534-5
28. AREA REDEVELOPMENT. Extension of remarks of Rep. Perkins stating that "...the Secretary of Agriculture, Orville Freeman, has demonstrated a keen insight and sympathy for the problems of our small rural farm areas," and inserting an article, "Is Help, At Long Last, Coming To Our Rural Citizens?" p. A6536
29. WHEAT. Extension of remarks of Rep. Michel inserting an article, "Wheat Plan Dubious But Interesting," discussing the proposed plan to stockpile wheat for use in case of war. p. A6545
30. BOTANIC GARDENS. Extension of remarks of Rep. Inouye urging the establishment of a National Tropical Botanic Garden in Hawaii. pp. A6553-4
31. FARM PROGRAM. Extension of remarks of Rep. Alger inserting an article, "Surplus of Farmers," which suggests that continued subsidies will not solve the farm problem. p. A6558
Extension of remarks of Rep. Mathias inserting two articles commenting on the decision of the Dept. of Commerce to permit sales of subsidized farm products to be made to Russia and her satellite nations. p. A6565

BILLS INTRODUCED

32. RESEARCH. S. 2444, by Sen. Bennett, to provide for the establishment of a regional research center for rural redevelopment; to the Agriculture and Forestry Committee. Remarks of author. p. 15343-4
H. R. 8816, by Rep. Fascell, to expand and extend the saline water conversion program being conducted by the Secretary of the Interior; to the Interior and Insular Affairs Committee.
33. MONOPOLIES. H. R. 8830, by Rep. Steed, to amend the Federal Trade Commission Act to provide for the issuance of temporary cease-and-desist orders to prevent certain acts and practices pending completion of Federal Trade Commission proceedings

On page 3, line 1, strike out "2" and insert "3".

The committee amendments were agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time, and passed.

The title was amended to read: A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to increase dependency and indemnity compensation in certain cases.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

REVOLVING SUPPLY FUND OF THE VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

The Clerk called the bill (H.R. 8414) to amend section 5011 of title 38, United States Code, to clarify the authority of the Veterans' Administration to use its revolving supply fund for the repair and reclamation of personal property.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 5011(a) of title 38, United States Code, is amended by—

(1) changing the parenthetical clause in the first sentence to read: "(including procurement of supplies, equipment, and personal services and the repair and reclamation of used, spent, or excess personal property)"; and

(2) inserting in paragraph (3) immediately after the words "operation of the fund, including" the following: "property returned to the supply system when no longer required by activities to which it had been furnished,".

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

DONATIONS FOR COLLEGE HOME ECONOMICS CLASSES

The Clerk called the bill (S. 1873) to amend the act entitled "An act to authorize the Commodity Credit Corporation to donate dairy products and other agricultural commodities for use in home economics courses," approved September 13, 1960 (74 Stat. 899), in order to permit the use of donated foods under certain circumstances for training college students.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the Commodity Credit Corporation to donate dairy products and other agricultural commodities for use in home economics courses", approved September 13, 1960 (74 Stat. 899), is amended by striking out the period at the end of such Act and inserting in lieu thereof a comma and the following: "including college students if the same facilities and instructors are used for training both high school and college students in home economics courses."

The bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

LAND CONVEYANCE TO THE STATE OF WYOMING

The Clerk called the bill (H.R. 3879) to authorize and direct the Secretary of Agriculture to convey to the State of Wyoming for agricultural purposes certain real property in Sweetwater County, Wyo.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to convey by quitclaim deed to the State of Wyoming, without cost, the real property constituting the Farson Pilot Farm land and known as farm unit numbered W-18, Eden Valley project, Sweetwater County, Wyoming, more particularly described as follows:

An irregular tract of land situated in lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, and the southwest quarter, and the west half southeast quarter of section 1, and lot 1 and east half southeast quarter of section 2, and the east half northeast quarter of section 11, and the northwest quarter of section 12, township 24 north, range 107 west of the sixth principal meridian, Wyoming, more definitely described as follows:

Beginning at the quarter corner common to sections 1 and 12, township 24 north, range 107 west;

South 00 degrees 03 minutes west 2,633.4 feet along the north quarter section line of section 12 to a brass cap monument, the center quarter corner of section 12, the southeast corner of farm unit W-18;

South 89 degrees 41 minutes west 2,634.8 feet along the west quarter section line of section 12 to the quarter corner common to sections 11 and 12;

South 89 degrees 52 minutes west 1,320.2 feet along the east quarter section line of section 11 to a brass cap monument, the east sixteenth center corner of section 11, the southwest corner of farm unit W-18;

North 00 degrees 02 minutes west 450.4 feet along the east sixteenth section line of section 11 to an iron pin on the south right-of-way line of United States west side lateral wasteway;

North 00 degrees 02 minutes west 132.6 feet along the east sixteenth section line of section 11 and along the west right-of-way line of United States west side lateral wasteway to a point on the north right-of-way line of United States west side lateral wasteway;

North 00 degrees 02 minutes west 2,054.9 feet along the east sixteenth section line of section 11 to a brass cap monument, the east sixteenth corner common to sections 2 and 11;

North 00 degrees 01 minutes west 2,255.1 feet along the east sixteenth section line of section 2 to an iron pin on the centerline of county road right-of-way;

North 00 degrees 01 minutes west 38.8 feet along the east sixteenth section line of section 2 to a brass cap monument on the north right-of-way line of county road;

North 00 degrees 01 minutes west 338.8 feet along the east sixteenth section line of section 2 to a brass cap monument, the east sixteenth center corner of section 2;

North 00 degrees 01 minutes east 944.7 feet along the east sixteenth section line of section 2 to a brass cap monument, the east sixteenth corner on the north boundary of section 2, the northwest corner of farm unit W-18;

North 88 degrees 51 minutes east 158.2 feet along the north section line of section 2, township 24 north, range 107 west to the

south quarter corner of section 31, township 25 north, range 106 west;

North 89 degrees 51 minutes east 1,161.3 feet along the north section line of section 2, township 24 north, range 107 west to the north section corner common to sections 1 and 2, township 24 north, range 107 west;

North 89 degrees 51 minutes east 778.6 feet along the north section line of section 1, township 24 north, range 107 west to a brass cap monument on the north right-of-way line of county road;

North 89 degrees 51 minutes east 63.2 feet along the north section line of section 1, township 24 north, range 107 west to an iron pin on the centerline of county road right-of-way;

North 89 degrees 51 minutes east 425.0 feet along the north section line of section 1, township 24 north, range 107 west to an iron pin on the west right-of-way line of United States sublaterals W-26;

North 89 degrees 51 minutes east 219.3 feet along the north section line of section 1, township 24 north, range 107 west to the south section corner common to sections 31 and 32, township 25 north, range 106 west;

South 89 degrees 46 minutes east 423.5 feet along the north section line of section 1, township 24 north, range 107 west to an iron pin on the east right-of-way line of United States drain W-7;

South 89 degrees 46 minutes east 716.0 feet along the north section line of section 1, township 24 north, range 107 west to the north quarter corner of section 1, township 24 north, range 107 west;

South 89 degrees 46 minutes east 478.4 feet along the north section line of section 1, township 24 north, range 107 west to an iron pin on the south right-of-way line of United States west side lateral wasteway;

South 89 degrees 46 minutes east 746.3 feet along the north section line of section 1, township 24 north, range 107 west to an iron pin on the west right-of-way line of United States west side lateral;

South 89 degrees 46 minutes east 112.1 feet along the north section line of section 1, township 24 north, range 107 west to a brass cap monument on the east right-of-way line of United States west side lateral, the northeast corner of farm unit W-18;

South 27 degrees 09 minutes west 151.6 feet along the east right-of-way line of United States west side lateral to a point on the south right-of-way line of United States west side lateral;

South 27 degrees 09 minutes west 160.8 feet to a brass cap monument;

South 01 degrees 03 minutes east 3,272.6 feet to a brass cap monument on the south section line of section 1;

South 89 degrees 16 minutes west 1,241.8 feet along the south section line of section 1 to the point of beginning heretofore described and containing in all 664.12 acres, more or less.

Such property shall be conveyed under such conditions as in the opinion of the Secretary of Agriculture will assure the use of such property in the cooperative agricultural demonstrational work of the Department of Agriculture and the State of Wyoming. The conveyance of such property shall contain a reservation to the United States of all oil and gas in the land, together with the right to prospect for, mine and remove the same under such regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

LAND CONVEYANCE TO THE TOWN OF TELlico PLAINS, TENN.

The Clerk called the bill (H.R. 4821) to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tenn.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

There was no objection.

Mr. ASPINALL. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that a similar Senate bill, S. 848, be considered in lieu of the House bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Colorado?

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to convey by quitclaim deed to the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a certain tract of land, together with any improvements thereon, consisting of approximately 0.20 of an acre, in the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee, known as the Fred Lee tract (621), such tract, which is no longer required by the United States Forest Service, having been previously conveyed by such town to the United States without consideration (by deed dated June 16, 1931) for use by the United States Forest Service.

The bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

A similar House bill (H.R. 4821) was laid on the table.

CONVEYANCE OF REVERSIONARY RIGHTS TO JASPER COUNTY, GA.

The Clerk called the bill (H.R. 4939) to provide for the conveyance of all right, title, and interest of the United States in a certain tract of land in Jasper County, Ga., to the Jasper County Board of Education.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

Mr. GROSS. Reserving the right to object, Mr. Speaker, I have several questions concerning this bill. First of all, was this land donated to the Federal Government or bought by the Federal Government?

Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be passed over without prejudice.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Iowa?

There was no objection.

LAND CONVEYANCE TO FREMONT COUNTY, WYO.

The Clerk called the bill (H.R. 6193) to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey certain lands in the State of Wyoming to the county of Fremont, Wyo.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the

Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to convey by quitclaim deed, without consideration, to the county of Fremont, Wyoming, all the right, title, and interest of the United States in and to lot 5, block 14, of the original townsite of Lander, Fremont County, Wyoming.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PROVIDING FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE LINCOLN BOYHOOD NATIONAL MEMORIAL IN THE STATE OF INDIANA

The Clerk called the bill (H.R. 2470) to provide for the establishment of the Lincoln Boyhood National Memorial in the State of Indiana, and for other purposes.

Mr. WEAVER. Mr. Speaker, at the request of a Member who is absent today, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be passed over without prejudice.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Nebraska?

There was no objection.

LAND EXCHANGE BELTSVILLE RESEARCH CENTER

The Clerk called the bill (H.R. 3920) to authorize an exchange of land at the Agricultural Research Center.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby authorized to convey by quitclaim deed to Fred C. Knauer all right, title and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of land in the Granary area of the Agricultural Research Center in Prince Georges County, Maryland, situated south of the Powder Mill Road and east of the right-of-way of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and other property owned by the said Fred C. Knauer containing 1.66 acres, more or less; and to accept in exchange therefor a conveyance in fee simple to the United States of a tract of land owned or to be acquired by the said Fred C. Knauer described as lots 1 and 2, in block 8, in the Chestnut Hills Development, in Vansville District, Prince Georges County, Maryland, containing 0.6345 of an acre: *Provided,* That the appraised value of the Federal property to be conveyed shall not exceed the value of the property to be acquired from the said Fred C. Knauer.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

LAND CONVEYANCE TO THE STATE OF IOWA

The Clerk called the bill (H.R. 4682) to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to sell and convey certain lands in the State of Iowa to the State of Iowa.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to sell

and convey to the State of Iowa, by quitclaim deed, at not to exceed the acquisition price to the United States, subject to all outstanding rights, all the right, title, and interest of the United States to those certain tracts of land containing approximately 4,749 acres of land, more or less, located in Van Buren, Lee, Appanoose, and Davis Counties, Iowa, which is more fully described as being all of that land in:

A. Van Buren County:

1. Township 69 north, range 10 west, section 36, containing 60 acres of land, more or less.

2. Township 69 north, range 9 west, section 31, containing 40 acres of land, more or less.

3. Township 68 north, range 8 west, section 25, containing 300 acres of land, more or less.

B. Lee County:

1. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 4, containing 40 acres of land, more or less.

2. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 6, containing 380 acres of land, more or less.

3. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 7, containing 30 acres of land, more or less.

4. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 16, containing 160 acres of land, more or less.

5. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 17, containing 240 acres of land, more or less.

6. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 20, containing 150 acres of land, more or less.

7. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 21, containing 160 acres of land, more or less.

8. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 26, containing 80 acres of land, more or less.

9. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 33, containing 160 acres of land, more or less.

10. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 34, containing 160 acres of land, more or less.

11. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 35, containing 200 acres of land, more or less.

12. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 36, containing 160 acres of land, more or less.

13. Township 66 north, range 7 west, section 1, containing 533 acres of land, more or less.

14. Township 66 north, range 6 west, section 25, containing 120 acres of land, more or less.

C. Appanoose County:

1. Township 70 north, range 16 west, section 10, containing 240 acres of land, more or less.

2. Township 70 north, range 16 west, section 17, containing 80 acres of land, more or less.

3. Township 70 north, range 16 west, section 24, containing 180 acres of land, more or less.

4. Township 70 north, range 16 west, section 26, containing 120 acres of land, more or less.

5. Township 70 north, range 16 west, section 27, containing 30 acres of land, more or less.

6. Township 70 north, range 16 west, section 34, containing 80 acres of land, more or less.

7. Township 70 north, range 16 west, section 35, containing 160 acres of land, more or less.

8. Township 70 north, range 16 west, section 36, containing 160 acres of land, more or less.

9. Township 69 north, range 16 west, section 1, containing 80 acres of land, more or less.

D. Davis County:



Public Law 87-176
87th Congress, S. 848
August 30, 1961

An Act

75 STAT. 410.

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land
to the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to convey by quitclaim deed to the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a certain tract of land, together with any improvements thereon, consisting of approximately 0.20 of an acre, in the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee, known as the Fred Lee tract (621), such tract, which is no longer required by the United States Forest Service, having been previously conveyed by such town to the United States without consideration (by deed dated June 16, 1931) for use by the United States Forest Service.

Tellico Plains,
Tenn.
Land conveyance.

Approved August 30, 1961.

